







Scheduled Generation or Market Network Services Scheduled Generator Outages



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Current version release details

Version	Effective date	Summary of changes
<u>3</u>	3 June 2024	Updated the document template. Updated related documents' location.
		Changes to reflect the National Electricity Amendment (Integrating energy storage systems into the NEM) Rule 2021 No.13 and Rule 2023 No. 2, including to incorporate references to Integrated Resource Providers and bidirectional units.

Note: There is a full version history at the end of this document.



1. Introduction

1.1. Purpose and scope

These are the Procedures for Submitting Recall Information of Scheduled Generator Outages (Procedure) This procedure forms part of the power system operating procedures made under NER clause 4.10.1

These Procedures This procedure hasve effect only for the purposes set out in the National Electricity Rules (NER). The NER and the National Electricity Law prevail over these Procedures to the extent of any inconsistency.

When there are foreseeable circumstances which may require *AEMO* to intervene in the NEM, *AEMO* may initiate contact with *Scheduled Generators Market Participants* to seek details of any *scheduled generating unit*, *scheduled bidirectional unit* or *scheduled market network service* capacity that can be recalled and the associated recall time. This is necessary for *AEMO* to determine a latest time to intervene in the absence of a market response, for the purposes of NER clause 4.8.5A.

It is important for *AEMO* to obtain this information efficiently and in a quality assured manner within operational timeframes to provide an integrated picture to inform *AEMO*'s operational decisions.

This Procedure explains how Scheduled Generators Market Participants are to submit information to AEMO for the purposes of NER clause 4.8.5A.

1.2. Definitions and interpretation

1.2.1. Glossary

Terms defined in the National Electricity Law and the NER have the same meanings in these Procedures unless otherwise specified in this clause.

Terms defined in the NER are intended to be identified in these Procedures by italicising them, but failure to italicise a defined term does not affect its meaning.

In addition, the words, phrases and abbreviations in the table below have the meanings set out opposite them when used in these Procedures.

Term	Definition		
DUID	Dispatchable Unit Identifier		
EMMS	Electricity Market Management System		
MW	megawatt		
NEMDE National Electricity Market Dispatch Engine			
NEM	National Electricity Market		
NER or Rules	National Electricity Rules		
PASA	Projected Assessment of System Adequacy		
PD PASA in the pre-dispatch timeframe			



Term	Definition
ST PASA	Short term PASA

1.2.2. Interpretation

The following principles of interpretation apply to these Procedures unless otherwise expressly indicated:

(a) These Procedures are subject to the principles of interpretation set out in Schedule 2 of the National Electricity Law.

1.3. Related documents

Reference	Title	Location
SO_OP_3703	Short term reserve management	https://aemo.com.au/- /media/files/electricity/nem/security_and_reliability/ power_system_ops/procedures/so_op_3703- short-term-reserve- management.pdf?la=enhttp://sharedocs/app/PMS/ Procedures/SO_OP_3703%20- %20Short%20Term%20Reserve%20Management.docx
	Guide to Generator Recall Plans ⁴	http://www.aemo.com.au/- /media/Files/Electricity/NEM/IT-Systems-and- Change/2018/Guide-to-Generator-Recall-Plans.pdf

2. Background

Recent experience has shown that obtaining generating unitscheduled generation or scheduled market network service recall information manually in situations where an AEMO intervention event is envisaged carries risks of delays and miscommunication. AEMO has therefore developed a more robust system for communicating this information with the following basic features:

- Entry of recall information by Scheduled Generators Market Participants through a webbased interface similar to that used currently by Market Generators Participants for other applications or using Market Generator's Participants own systems that would communicate with AEMO systems.
- Transfer of the data to a central AEMO database from which views and reports to assist in AEMO operational decision making can be sourced.
- Reports and/or notifications on the submitted recall information, for use by AEMO
 Operations staff.

http://www.aemo.com.au/-/media/Files/Electricity/NEM/IT-Systems-and-Change/2018/Guide-to-Generator-Recall-Plans.pdf

⁴ Guide to Generator Recall Plans document is available on AEMO website at:



This Procedure provides guidance on the triggers for Scheduled Generators Market

Participants to submit recall information, how Scheduled Generators Market Participants should submit recall information and how AEMO interprets and uses that recall information.

For the purposes of this Procedure:

- A full or partial outage refers only to situations where the capacity of a scheduled generating
 unit or scheduled bidirectional unit or scheduled market network service to generate MWs
 can be increased above the currently indicated available capacity in response to a direction
 from AEMO.
- Any additional MW quantities specified as available for recall should be based upon, in the short term, forecast ambient conditions. Any energy limitations that might limit use of this additional capacity should be noted in the comments associated with the entry for the outage.

The information provided under this Procedure is intended as preliminary only to assist *AEMO* in assessing alternative strategies and the likely latest time to intervene. Further detail will be sought from relevant <u>Market Generators Participants</u> before any intervention decision is made.

3. Process overview

Declaration of the period and Region/s where <u>Market</u> <u>ParticipantGenerator</u> recall information will be required

Where AEMO foresees that heightened risks to power system security or reliability of supply may require AEMO to intervene in the market, AEMO will publish a market notice under NER clause 4.8.5A(a) (this includes forecast LOR2 or LOR3 notices). This notice is not a declaration of an AEMO intervention event, but of the forecast circumstances that might require AEMO to intervene. The market notice would include:

- the region(s) in which the relevant circumstances are forecast;
- the nature of the circumstances under which *AEMO* may need to intervene (for example, that there is an LOR2 or LOR3 forecast); and
- the date and times those circumstances are currently forecast to arise.

AEMO is then required under NER clause 4.8.5A(c) to determine the latest time to intervene. To support this decision *AEMO* may request *Scheduled GeneratorsMarket Participants* in the relevant *region(s)* ² to provide information under NER clause 4.8.5(d). The information requested is generally, in relation to the identified period in the market notice:

- the information set out in clause 4.8.5A(e)(1) and (2); and
- for each full or partial plant outage planned or currently underway in that period to specify
 the expected time(s) to significantly increase generation capacity and the level(s) to which it
 could be increased if a direction from AEMO to do so were to be issued after the outage had
 commenced.

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² Relevant regions being regions where increased supply could contribute to addressing the particular issue.



3.2. Provision of recall information by Scheduled Generators Market Participants

After sending out a market notice of foreseeable circumstances that may require an *AEMO* intervention event, and only if it is required in order to estimate the latest time to intervene, *AEMO* may issue a request for Scheduled Generators Market Participant to provide the information described in section 3.1 using a special market notice type – "Recall Generation Capacity". It will request that this information:

- Be provided by xxxx hrs on zzzz via the *outage* recall communication system in accordance with the procedure for its use.
- Be subsequently updated via this same system as soon as practicable after a relevant Generator Market Participant becomes aware that that the required information has materially altered due to changed circumstances or for other reasons.

AEMO may activate this process in a *region* for periods where AEMO may be required to implement an AEMO intervention event, for example if ST <u>PASA</u> or PD PASA is forecasting that the reserve will reach the LOR2 or LOR3 level. The decision to activate this process under these circumstances will be based on several factors including (in the case of an LOR2 or LOR3 conditions):

- The length and severity of the LOR2 or LOR3 condition.
- Weather conditions forecast for the relevant period.
- Amount of generator availability information already available to AEMO at that time.

Note that AEMO may activate this process for a region where there is no LOR condition identified if it believes that additional generation from this region can assist in alleviating circumstances in another region that may require *AEMO* to implement an *AEMO intervention event*, such as an LOR condition in another region).

Once AEMO has published the requirement for Generator scheduled resource outage recall information for scheduled generating units, and scheduled bidirectional units and scheduled market network service, Scheduled Generators Market Participants must use reasonable endeavours to provide the recall information in the time specified by AEMO.

If a <u>Scheduled Generator-Market Participant</u> is not able to enter the information due to data communication issues, it should promptly notify the *AEMO* Control Room by telephone and provide the required *outage* recall information verbally.

This process replaces the manual collection of information by *AEMO* previously undertaken under NER clause 4.8.5A(d) and (e).

3.3. Guidelines for Scheduled Generators <u>Market Participants</u> to provide recall information

A web_-based interface to enter recall information has been established for Scheduled Generators Market Participants to provide recall information.

The data provided is confidential and the system will have appropriate measures, as used for other systems, to protect the confidential data.



The system supports multiple users from a single <u>Generator Market Participant</u>. The <u>Generator Market Participant</u> has <u>the</u> ability to review the current data provided by it to <u>AEMO</u> by filtering on a combination of:

- power station;
- recall plan identifier;
- date range;
- all entries related to a particular *outage* programme as nominated by the <u>Market Participant</u> <u>Generator</u>.

The interface has been designed to minimise unnecessary entries by the <u>Market Participant</u> <u>Generator</u>. For instance:

- The <u>Market Participant Generator</u> is able to specify a recall time to apply to a <u>generating unit scheduled generating unit or scheduled bidirectional unit or scheduled market network service</u> for a range of days rather than being required to enter this same value separately for each day of the <u>outage</u>.
- For an outage over an extended period of days, where the recall time will vary over time, the
 <u>Market Participant Generator</u> can specify a different recall time at the end of the outage to
 the one specified at the start of the outage and the system will assume that the recall time
 varies linearly over the outage period.
- The <u>Market Participant Generator</u> is able to change data already entered if an *outage* programme were to be rescheduled where the <u>Market Participant Generator</u> has nominated entries as linked to this *outage* programme.

The system is able to handle outage recall data of Scheduled Generators scheduled generating units, scheduled bidirectional units and scheduled market network services scheduled resources on a daily resolution. Once entered, the value(s) should need to be changed normally only if the outage is rescheduled or its nature changes.

The recall time(s) specified for an outage on a given day should:

- represent the estimated duration between the time a direction is received from AEMO and
 the time that the specified additional capacity is reasonably expected to be available for
 immediate dispatch given the anticipated conditions, subject to normal rate of change
 limitations; and
- include a reasonable estimate of the time needed to secure fuel or any other expendable resources consumed by the <u>scheduled</u> generating unit/s or <u>scheduled</u> bidirectional unit;
- where this recall time can vary during the day due to different stages of work, the estimate should be based upon an assumption that the direction will would be made at the time of day when recall would take the longest; and.
- .any energy limitations that might limit use of this additional capacity should be noted in the comments associated with the entry for the *outage*.



3.3.1. Entries for recall information

Entries for recall information will generally be provided on a *scheduled generating unit* or <u>scheduled bidirectional unit</u> or <u>scheduled market network service</u> (DUID) basis.

For each *outage* period of a *scheduled generating unit* or <u>scheduled bidirectional unit or</u> <u>scheduled market network service</u>, the <u>Market Participant Generator</u> can specify up to two separate recall times with corresponding improvements in availability.

As well as numeric entries there are predefined acronyms³ to reduce data entry by <u>Market</u> <u>Participant Generators</u> in the free comment field, including:

- Nil
- IFO indefinite without a further outage

The free comment field associated with each recall can be used to further clarify recall times provided.

The key identifying information for a single recall plan is a combination of:

- the recall plan identifier (supplied by the Market pParticipant); and
- the dispatchable unit identifier (DUID)

A recall plan identifier may be re-used against multiple DUID's. -The recall plan information may be different for each DUID, even where the recall plan identifier is the same.

Recall plans are stored in an insert-only fashion for auditing and analysis purposes. -Any modification of a recall plan results in a new version under the same recall plan identifier.

A recall plan is comprised of multiple "recall plan entries", each of which has the following attributes:

- Start Date
- End Date
- Stage 1 Recall Time (as at the start date of the entry) entry in hours
- Stage 1 Recall Time (as at the end date of the entry) entry in hours
- Stage 1 additional available MW after stage 1 recall
- Stage 1 Entry flag (e.g. "Nil" "Indefinite without further outage")
- Stage 2 Recall Time (as at the start date of the entry)
- Stage 2 Recall Time (as at the end date of the entry)⁴
- Stage 2 additional available MW after stage 2 recall
- Stage 2 Entry flag (e.g. "Nil", "Indefinite without further outage", etc)

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³ Note: These have been agreed with *Generators* as part of the development of the system. The system is able to add to or amend this list on the basis of experience gained in use of the system.

⁴ AEMO will assume that the recall time varies linearly over the period from the recall time at the start of the period to the recall time at the end of the period.



The outage with shorter recall must be entered as the Stage 1 in situations where a recall plan entry for a <u>scheduled generating unit or scheduled bidirectional unit or scheduled market</u> <u>network service</u> consists of two stages.

Each recall -stage has the provision for comments to be added. The types of comments that would be necessary include:

- any energy limitations associated with the additional capacity that could be made available;
- any special -issues associated with provision of this additional capacity for instance:
 - where this may require temporary exemptions to be granted to environmental limitations
 - where this would involve operation beyond upper limits set out in generator performance standards;
 - where this would create any particular reliability issues; and
- Details of additional recall stages as discussed in section 3.3.3.

3.3.2. Materiality

Outages subject to recall and subsequent changes need not be advised under this Procedure if:

- the initial MW capacity that would be available in response to a direction or a change in this
 value is less than the greater of
 - 10 MW; or
 - 2 % of the registered capacity of the <u>scheduled generating unit or scheduled bidirectional</u> unit or <u>scheduled market network service</u>; or
- the recall time is less than 30 minutes.

The recall time does not need to be updated if the change represents a difference from the currently specified recall time of less than the greater of

- 30 minutes; or
- 5%.

If a <u>Market Participant Generator</u> does not provide recall information under this Procedure for a scheduled generating unit or scheduled bidirectional unit or scheduled market network service in a relevant region, the <u>Market Participant Generator</u> is taken to have advised that no additional generation capacity can be made available from that unit under direction for the period specified in AEMO's market notice.

3.3.3. Examples of required entries

Case 1: Unit has a maximum capacity available under direction of 700 MW

For a single day partial *outage*, the *PASA availability* is 700 MW and the *available capacity* (**Bid availability**) is 300 MW. There are two concurrent *outages* with recall times as follows:

- Recall of outage 1 would increase capacity from 300 MW to 500 MW in 4 hrs.
- Recall of outage 2 would increase capacity to 700 MW in 12 hrs assuming outage 1 is recalled as well.



In this case the <u>Market Participant Generator</u> would specify recall information for two stages (a recall of 4hrs to return to 500 MW and recall of 12hrs to return to 700 MW). In practice for a major unit *outage* there could be multiple *outages* with different recall times. For the purposes of this Procedure, this should be represented in a simplified form in two stages.

The data that would be provided is as follows:

Period	Stage 1 recall at start date	Stage 1 recall at end date	Stage 1 added availability after recall	Stage 2 recall at start date	Stage 2 recall at end date	Stage 2 added availability after recall
Day 1 to Day 1	4 hrs	4 hrs	200 MW	12 hrs	12 hrs	200 MW

Case 2: Unit has a maximum capacity available under direction of 700 MW and for a given period during a partial outage PASA availability is 500 MW and Bid availability is 300 MW

There are two concurrent *outages* with recall times as follows:

- Recall of outage 1 would increase capacity from 300 MW to 500 MW in 12 hrs
- Recall of outage 2 would increase capacity to 700 MW in 48 hrs assuming outage 1 is recalled as well

In this case <u>Market Participant generator</u> would be expected to specify:

- 1. Recall time of 12 hrs to restore capacity to PASA availability (500MW)
- 2. Recall time of 48 hrs to restore to maximum capacity (700MW)

The data that would be provided is as follows:

Period	Stage 1 recall at start date	recall at	Stage 1 added availability after recall	Stage 2 recall at start date	Stage 2 recall at end date	Stage 2 added availability after recall
Day x to Day y	12 hrs	12 hrs	200 MW	48 hrs	48 hrs	200 MW

Case 3: Unit has a maximum capacity available under direction of 700 MW and for a given period during an outage PASA availability is 0 MW and Bid availability is 0 MW

There are two concurrent outages with recall times as follows:

- Recall of outage 1 would increase capacity from 0 MW to 500 MW in 3 days
- Recall of remaining capacity cannot be achieved without a further unit outage if unit is
 placed in service after recall of outage 1

In this case generator would be expected to specify:

- 1. Recall time to restore to 500 MW as 3 days
- 2. Recall to 700 MW as "indefinite without a further outage" by setting the IFO flag

The data that would be provided is as follows:

Period	Stage 1 recall at start date	Stage 1 recall at end date	Stage 1 added availability after recall	Stage 2 recall at start date	Stage 2 recall at end date	Stage 2 added availability after recall
Day x to Day y	72 hours	72 hours	500 MW			200 MW



Case 4: Unit with maximum capacity available under direction of 700 MW and for the outage period PASA availability is 0 MW and Bid availability is 0 MW

- For days 1 to 5 of the outage the recall is 36 hrs to restore availability to 700 MW
- For days 6 to 20 of the outage the recall will be:
 - initially 5 days to restore availability to 300 MW and reduces steadily to 1 day at the end of the period
 - initially 7 days to restore availability to 700 MW and reduces steadily to 1 day at the end of the period

This would be specified in the system as follows:

Period	Stage 1 recall at start date	Stage 1 recall at end date	Stage 1 added availability after recall	Stage 2 recall at start date	Stage 2 recall at end date	Stage 2 added availability after recall
Day 1 to Day 5	36 hrs	36 hrs	700 MW			
Day 6 to Day 20	120 hrs	24 hours	300 MW	168 hours	24 hours	400 MW

Case 5: Aggregated generating unit consists of 10 identical physical units with maximum registered capacity of 1000 MW. Five units are out of service in different states of maintenance with

- first unit able to return to service in 8 hours
- second unit able to service in 10 hours
- remaining units able to return to service in 12 to 16 hours

Current Bid availability is 500 MW.

The data that would be provided is as follows:

Period	Stage 1 recall at start date	Stage 1 recall at end date	Stage 1 added availability after recall	Stage 2 recall at start date	Stage 2 recall at end date	Stage 2 added availability after recall
Day x to Day y	8 hrs	8 hrs	100 MW	10 hrs	10 hrs	100 MW

A comment would be added to state that a further 300 MW capacity is also available with a recall time of 12 to 16 hrs.

3.3.4. Situations where there are more than two stages for recall

It is appreciated that at times an *outage* programme may be such that the recall would in reality occur in more than two stages. If the overall profile can be reasonably represented conservatively in two stages⁵ then it would be acceptable for a <u>Market Participant Generator</u> to provide such an approximation. However, this may not be possible in some cases.

⁵ This on the basis that AEMO will assume that the recall time will vary linearly over the period.



Under such conditions, the <u>Market Participant Generator</u> should enter the details of the first two recall stages and include in the free comment field of the form: "a further xx MW capacity is also available with a recall time of yy hrs or less".

4. Responsibilities under this Procedure

- AEMO will:
 - issue a market notice identifying the period and the *regions* for which the *outage* recall information is required;
 - clarify the recall information with <u>Market Participant Generators</u> when the information provided by <u>Market Participant Generators</u> appears unclear or inconsistent with other information; and
 - apply the recall information provided in its intervention decisions.
- <u>Market Participant Generators</u> will provide the required outage recall information by entering
 data in the dedicated web portal for any scheduled generating units or scheduled
 bidirectional units or scheduled market network services where additional capacity could be
 made available following a direction from AEMO.



Version release history

Version	Effective Date	Summary of Changes
2.0	25 November 2019	Update to criteria for requesting generator recall information
1.0	19 October 2017	Initial Version