

## **Template for proposed Generator <u>or Integrated Resource Provider</u> <b>Performance Standards**

This is a template to assist *Connection Applicants* submit proposed *access standards* for a *generating system* or *integrated resource system* to be assessed under clause 5.3.4A of the National Electricity Rules (NER). It contains three tables:

- Table 1 Connection Applicants should complete Table 1 to specify the proposed production units and generating system or integrated resource system to which the proposed access standards are intended to apply.
- Table 2 AEMO has drafted this to reflect the structure of the technical requirements in Schedule 5.2 of the NER for the *connection* of new *generating systems* and *integrated resource systemsgeneration*. *Connection Applicants* must complete columns 4 and 5 and indicate in the 4<sup>th</sup> column whether it is proposing an *automatic access standard* (A), or a *negotiated access standard* (N). As a guide for *Connection Applicants*, AEMO has completed the 5<sup>th</sup> column to indicate how a proposed *access standard* should be drafted. For these purposes AEMO has used the relevant *automatic access standard* (or *minimum access standard*, where the NER do not specify automatic). *Connection Applicants* should amend Table 2 as necessary and respond to the comments in square brackets ([] and complete variables highlighted in yellow). Other changes to the text should be minimised. The 'Track Changes' function should be used to highlight changes. AEMO uses the International System of Units to identify quantities.
- Table 3 Connection Applicants and AEMO should complete Table 3 to track changes made to the registered performance standards following the formal acceptance of the access standards by the relevant NSP (subject to AEMO's advice).

Where a *Connection Applicant* proposes a *connection* arrangement that does not meet the *automatic access standards*, the information submitted with this document will be used by AEMO and the *connecting Network Service Provider* (NSP) to assess their feasibility in accordance with clause 5.3.4A of the NER. *Connection Applicants* are reminded that proposed *access standards* must be as close as practicable to the <u>automatic access standards</u> – see NER clause 5.3.4A(b1). Any proposed *negotiated access standards* may need to be revised and resubmitted during the assessment process under clause 5.3.4A.

Once formally accepted by the relevant NSP (subject to AEMO's advice), the access standards agreed in the Connection Agreement will become the registered performance standards for the generating system or integrated resource system. For convenience, this document is therefore titled 'Generator Performance Standards'.

All technical enquiries should be directed to NEM.Connections@aemo.com.au.

GPS template updates:

Date	Descriptions
18/12/2020	Updated S5.2.5.11 for PFR Rule change and Table 1: Background. Added a new Revision table for version control.
31/3/2021	General update to S5.2.6.1 and updated S5.2.5.3 frequency ranges for continuous uninterrupted operation to be consistent with the frequency operating standard and considering the
	"Supply Scarcity" system condition.



<u>15/3/2023</u>	Updated for National Electricity Amendment (Integrating energy storage systems into the NEM) Rule 2021 (commences 3 June
	2024), and interim implementation effective 15 March 2023, -and National Electricity Amendment (Efficient management of system
	strength on the power system) Rule 2021 (commences 15 March 2023).

Please delete the above instructions when submitting the proposed access standards.

# Generator or Integrated Resource Provider Performance Standards [Delete whichever is not applicable]

### Table 1 Background

Name of Applicant & ABN:	[insert company name and ABN of Connection Applicant who will, ultimately, apply for registration as a Generator or Integrated Resource
	Provider]
Name of Network Service Provider & ABN:	[insert company name and ABN of NSP] (NSP)
Name of generating system or Integrated	[insert name of power station / generating system / integrated resource system]
Resource System [delete whichever is not	
applicable] <del>/ IRS</del> :	
ProductionGenerating unit designations:	[insert unit designations e.g. Units 1 to 4]
ProductionGenerating unit make(s) and	[insert unit make and model name/version]
model(s):	
Reactive plant:	[insert make and model name/version, nameplate rating]
Connection point:	[insert connection point/s] (Connection Point)
Connection point nominal voltage:	[insert <i>connection point nominal voltage</i> ] kV (Nominal Voltage)
Connection point normal voltage	[ <mark>insert <i>connection point normal voltage</i>]</mark> pu or kV (Normal Voltage)
Nameplate rating:	[insert the <i>nameplate rating</i> of all <u>production <del>generating u</del>nits</u> this document applies to] MW ([insert the number of units] x [insert unit
	rating, equipment make(s) and model(s)])
Maximum capacity:	[insert maximum generation of the generating system or integrated resource system, that is, the total capacity at the connection point of all
	production-generating units this document applies to] MW. [Please enter a whole number only.]
System strength remediation scheme:	[insert a description of the system strength remediation scheme or 'Not applicable']
Date of acceptance:	[to be completed by the NSP once final]

### Table 2 Performance Standards<sup>1</sup>

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed description of performance standard
	S5.2.5.1	Reactive Power Capability	A	Generating system's <u>or integrated resource system's rated active power</u> = [insert] MW as measured at the Connection Point, determined by [insert determination method or delete if not applicable] While operating at any level of <i>active power</i> _output and at any <i>voltage</i> at the Connection Point within the limits of ±10% of Normal Voltage, the <i>generating system<u>or integrated resource system</u> [delete whichever is not applicable] is capable of supplying and absorbing at the Connection Point an amount of <i>reactive power</i> of at least equal to the product of the <i>rated active power</i> of the <i>generating system<u>or integrated resource system</u> [delete whichever is not applicable] and 0.395, as reflected in Figure 1. Figure 1: <i>Reactive Power</i> Capability</i></i>
				<ul> <li>The generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not _applicable], while not generating active power and not supplying or absorbing reactive power under an ancillary services agreement, will:</li> <li>When the production generating units are connected and the ambient temperature is less than [50]°C, follow the voltage regulation control requirement specified in the performance standard under clause S5.2.5.13 with a reactive power capability of ± [insert] Mvar for each production generating unit; and</li> <li>When the production-generating units are not connected, not supply at its Connection Point reactive power of more than 0 Mvar and not draw more electricity than [insert] kW of active power and [insert] kvar of reactive power;</li> <li>If the reactive power supplied or absorbed at the Connection Point falls outside the range that applies when the production generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] must, where required by the NSP in order to maintain satisfactory voltage levels at the Connection Point or to restore intra-regional or integrated resource power falls within that range within 30 min.</li> </ul>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Capitalised terms are defined in Table 1. Italicised terms are defined in the NER. GENERATOR PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed des	Detailed description of performance standard								
	S5.2.5.2	Quality of Electricity Generated	A	At all times when connected, When generating and when not generating, the generating system or integrated resource system         Idelete whichever is not applicable]       does not produce at the Connection Point:         (a) Voltage fluctuations greater than the limits specified in Table 2.1 by the NSP under clause S5.1.5(a) of the NER, where will be measured in accordance with AS/NZS 61000.3.7:2001:         Table 2.1: Voltage Fluctuation Limits         Pst       Plt         (b) Harmonic voltage distortion greater than the limits specified in Table 2.2 by the NSP under clause S5.1.6(a) of the NER will be measured at the Connection Point in accordance with AS/NZS 61000.3.6:2001:         Table 2.2: Harmonic Voltage Distortion Limits         Harmonic       Harmonic         Harmonic       Harmonic         Voltage Limits       Order (h)         Voltage Limits       Voltage Limits									
		will be measured at the Conn Table 2.2: Harmonic Harmonic Order (h) Voltag											
					2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10		19         20         21         22         23         24         25         26         27		36         37         38         39         40         41         42         43         44				

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed	Detailed description of performance standard								
						11		28			45		
						12		29			46		
					_	13		30			47		
					_	14		31			48		
					_	15		32			49		
					_	16		33			50		
					_	17		34			THD <sup>(1)</sup>		
						18		35					
				(c) <i>V</i>	<i>/oltage</i> neasure	unbalance gre ed in accordan	-	s spec 000.3.	ified in Ta		-	tion at the Connection Poir 5.1.7(c) of the NER and will	
							Maximum Nega	ative S	equence V	oltage (% of	Nominal Voltage)		
					Nomin Voltag	al Supply e (kV)	No contingency event	•	Credible continge	ency event	General	Once per hour	
							30-min average		30-min a	average	10-min average	1-min average	
	S5.2.5.3	Generating System Response to Frequency Disturbance	A	<i>generati</i> capable	Unless the rate of change of <i>frequency</i> is outside the range of ±4 Hz/s for more than 0.25 s, ±3 Hz/s for more than 1.00 s, the <i>generating system</i> <u>or integrated resource system</u> <u>[delete whichever is not applicable]</u> and each of its <u>production-generating</u> units is capable of <i>continuous uninterrupted operation</i> for <i>frequencies</i> in the ranges indicated in Table 2.4: Table 2.4: Frequency Limits for Continuous Uninterrupted Operation								

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed desc	Detailed description of performance standard								
				Frequency range(1) (Hz)       Frequency range(1) (Hz)         [Mainland, delete column if not applicable]       [Tasmania, delete column if not applicable]				Duration <sup>(1)</sup>					
				47 to 48 47 to 48				2 min					
				48 to 49.5 48 to 49			10 min <sup>(2)</sup>						
					49.5 to 50.5 49 to 51			continuous					
					50.5 to 52	50.5 to 52 51 to 52		10 min <sup>(3)</sup>					
					[delete row if not applicable] 52 to 55			2 min					
					ed on the <i>frequency operating stand</i>	-	2020.						
					nin, including any time spent in the nin, including any time spent in the	-	nia, delete if	f not applicable).					
	\$5.2.5.4	Generating System	A		g system <u>or integrated resource sys</u>				productiongenerating				
		Response to Voltage		-	e of continuous uninterrupted oper		stem disturbar	nce causes the <i>voltage</i>	at the Connection				
		Disturbances		-	within the ranges indicated in Table tage Limits for Continuous Uninter								
					Voltage range (% of	· ·	C	Duration					
					> 130	)%		0.02 s <sup>(1)</sup>					
					125% to	130%		0.2 s <sup>(1)</sup>					
					120% to		2.0 s <sup>(1)</sup>						
					115% to 120%			20 s <sup>(1)</sup>					
					110% to	115%	2	20 min <sup>(1)</sup>					
					90% to	110%	co	ontinuous					

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed description o	Detailed description of performance standard							
				80% to 90%				10 s <sup>(2)</sup>				
						70% to 80%		2 s <sup>(2)</sup>				
				of Normal Vo	oltage. nection Poin	t <i>voltage</i> first varied above 110% of t <i>voltage</i> first varied below 90% of I						
					[Insert any operational arrangements necessary to ensure the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is							
				not applicable] and each of its <u>production<del>generating</del> units</u> will meet these levels under abnormal <i>network</i> or generating system <u>(integrated resource system</u> conditions).								
	S5.2.5.5	Generating System Response to Disturbances following Contingency	A		or relevant e	<i>ce standard</i> , a fault includes a fault o quipment are specified in Table 2.6: r Specified Equipment		nt type having a metalli	c conducting path.			
		Events				Transmission system fault cle time <sup>(1)</sup>	arance	Distribution system for	ault clearance time(1)			
				Primary protection sy	ystem	[Insert time] ms		[Insert 1	time] ms			
				Breaker fail protectio	on system	[Insert time] ms		[Insert 1	time] ms			
				Automatic reclose equipment		[Insert characteristics (single phase and three phase, if fitted), dead time in seconds, number of reclose shots, reclaim time in seconds, specifying if not greater than]		[Insert characteristics (single phase and three phase, if fitted), dead time in seconds, number of reclose shots, reclaim time in seconds, specifying if not greater than]				
				[Note: <sup>(1)</sup> Specify clearance times as per Table S5.1a.2 of the NER, or as applicable in the local <i>network</i> , whichever is the longest.]								
				Single disturbance (reflects clause S5.2.5.5(c) of the NER):								
						nat would <i>disconnect</i> the <i>generating</i>	-					
CENEDA		ANCE STANDARDS		not applicable from the	e power syste	m by removing network elements f	iom service,	the generating system <u>c</u>	<u>n untegratea resource</u>			

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed description of performance standard							
				-	whichever is not applicable] and each of its prod	l <u>uction <del>generating</del> unit</u> s will remain ir	n continuous uninterrupted				
				•	ny disturbance caused by:						
				<ul> <li>A credible contingency event;</li> <li>A three-phase fault in a transmission system cleared by all relevant primary protection systems;</li> </ul>							
				. ,	e-phase fault in a <i>transmission system</i> cleared by phase-to-ground, phase-to-phase or phase-to-g						
					he longest time expected to be taken for a relev						
				(ii) if a <i>breaker fail protection system</i> is not installed, the greater of the time specified in Table 2.7							
				Table 2.7: Fault Clearance Times							
					Nominal voltage at fault location (kV)	Time (ms)					
					≥ 400kV	175					
					≥ 250kV and < 400kV	250					
					> 100kV and < 250kV	430	-				
					≤ 100kV	430					
				and th	e longest time expected to be taken for all relev	ant primary <i>protection systems</i> to cle	ar the fault; or				
				(4) a three	e-phase, two-phase-to-ground, phase-to-phase	or phase-to-ground fault in a <i>distribu</i>	ition network cleared in:				
				.,	he longest time expected to be taken for a relev						
					f a <i>breaker fail protection system</i> is not installed, or all relevant primary <i>protection systems</i> to clea		est time expected to be taken				
					pances (reflects clause S5.2.5.5(d), (s) and (t) of t						
				-	g multiple disturbances, a fault that is re-establis		ic reclose equipment is counted				
				as a separate d							
				The generating	system or integrated resource system [delete wh	<mark>iichever is not applicable]</mark> and each o	of its <u>production<del>generating</del> units</u>				
					ontinuous uninterrupted operation for a series of	f up to 15 disturbances within any 5-ı	min period caused by any				
				combination of	the events described above where:						

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				<ul> <li>(1) up to 6 of the disturbances cause the Connection Point <i>voltage</i> to drop below 50% of Normal Voltage;</li> <li>(2) in parts of the <i>network</i> where three-phase automatic reclosure is permitted up to two of the disturbances are three phase faults, and otherwise up to one three phase fault where the Connection Point <i>voltage</i> drops below 50% of Normal Voltage;</li> <li>(3) up to one disturbance is cleared by a <i>breaker fail protection system</i> or similar back-up <i>protection system</i>;</li> <li>(4) up to one disturbance causes the Connection Point <i>voltage</i> to vary within the ranges under clause S5.2.5.4(a)(7) and (8) of the NER;</li> <li>(5) the minimum clearance from the end of one disturbance and commencement of the next disturbance may be zero milliseconds; and</li> <li>(6) all remaining disturbances are caused by faults other than three-phase faults, provided that none of the events would result in:</li> <li>(7) the islanding of the <i>generating system</i> or <i>integrated resource system</i> [delete whichever is not applicable] or cause a material reduction in <i>power transfer capability</i> by removing <i>network elements</i> from service;</li> <li>(8) the cumulative time that the Connection Point <i>voltage</i> is lower than 90% of Normal Voltage exceeding 1,800 milliseconds within any 5-min period; or</li> <li>(9) within any 5-min period; or the difference between 90% of Normal Voltage and the Connection Point <i>voltage</i> is lower than 90% of Normal Voltage exceeding 1 pu second.</li> <li>The <i>generating system</i> or <i>integrated resource</i> system is not applicable] will not, as a consequence of its connection, cause other generating <i>system</i> or conditions necessary to ensure the <i>generating system</i> or <i>integrated resource</i> system idelete whichever is not applicable] and each of its <i>production generating</i> units will meet its agreed performance levels under abnormal network or generating system or integrated resource systems or <i>synchronous</i> productiongenerating units (reflects clause S5.2.5.5(e), (v) and (w) of the NER):<!--</td--></li></ul>

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed description of performance standard
				<ul> <li>Subject to any changed <i>power system</i> conditions or energy source availability beyond the <i>Generator's</i> or <i>Integrated Resource Provider's</i> [delete whichever is not applicable] reasonable control, in respect of the fault types described in clause S5.2.5.5(c)(2) to (4) of the NER, the <i>generating system</i> or <i>integrated resource system</i> [delete whichever is not applicable], including all operating synchronous productiongenerating units (in the absence of a disturbance), will supply to, or absorb from, the <i>network</i>: (1) capacitive reactive current of at least the greater of its pre-disturbance reactive current and 4% of its maximum continuous current for each 1% reduction (from the level existing just prior to the fault) of Connection Point <i>voltage</i> during the fault, to assist the maintenance of <i>power system voltages</i> during the fault; (2) after clearance of the fault, <i>reactive power</i> sufficient to ensure that the Connection Point <i>voltage</i> is within the range for continuous uninterrupted operation under the <i>performance standard</i> under clause S5.2.5.4 of the NER; and (3) from 100 ms after clearance of the fault, <i>active power</i> of at least 95% of the level existing just prior to the fault.</li> <li>For <i>asynchronous generating systems</i> or <i>integrated resource systems</i> (reflects clause S5.2.5.5(f)-(i) and (u) of the NER): Subject to any changed <i>power system</i> conditions or energy source availability beyond the <i>Generator's</i> or <i>Integrated Resource Provider's</i> [delete whichever is not applicable], reasonable control, the <i>generating gustem</i> or <i>integrated Resource</i> system [evel existing gustem or integrated resource system] (1) during the disturbance and maintained until the Connection Point <i>voltage</i> recovers to between 90% and 110% of Normal Voltage, to assist the maintenance of <i>power system voltages</i> during the fault: (i) capacitive reactive current in addition to its pre-disturbance level of at least 4% of its maximum continuous current for each 1% reduction of the Connection Point <i>voltage</i> so</li></ul>

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed	Detailed description of performance standard (iii) the reactive current response will have a <i>rise time</i> of no greater than 40 ms and a <i>settling time</i> of no greater than 70 ms									
							<i>e time</i> of no greater th	nan 40 ms and a set	<i>tling time</i> of no greate	er than 70 ms				
					nd will be <i>adequately o</i> he reactive current con		ed using <mark>(delete which</mark>	ever not applicable	] [nhase-to-nhase] [n	hase-to-groundl				
				. ,	r [sequence componer		<b>U</b> -							
				_	for the types of disturbances listed in clause S5.2.5.5].									
					2) from 100 ms after clearance of the fault, <i>active power</i> of at least 95% of the level existing just prior to the fault.									
	S5.2.5.6	Quality of Electricity Generated and Continuous	<u>MN</u>	-	The generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] - and each of its operating production generating units and reactive plant, will not disconnect from the power system for voltage fluctuation, harmonic voltage distortion									
		Uninterrupted Operation			generating units and reactive plant, will not disconnect from the power system for voltage fluctuation, harmonic voltage distortion and voltage unbalance at the Connection Point within the levels specified:									
				(i) For	<i>voltage</i> fluctuations at	the Connection Poi	nt, in the "compatibili	ty levels" set out in	Table 1 of AS/NZS 610	000.3.7:2001.				
					harmonic <i>voltage</i> diste 00.3.6:2001.	ortion at the Connec	tion Point, in the "con	npatibility levels" de	efined in Table 1 of AS	/NZS				
				(iii) a ne	egative sequence <i>volta</i>	ge at the Connection	n Point, in Table S5.1a.	1 of the NER and sh	own in Table 2.8:					
					Table 2.8: Negative									
					Nominal Supply	Maximum M	Negative Sequence V	Voltage (% of Nom	ninal Voltage)					
					Voltage (kV)	No Contingency Event	Credible Contingency Event	General	Once Per Hour					
						30-Minute Average	30-Minute Average	10-Minute Average	1-Minute Average					
				> 100 0.5 0.7 1.0						]				
					> 10 and ≤ 100	1.3	1.3	2.0	2.5	]				
					<10	2.0	2.0	2.5	3.0					
				[Delete ro	ws for voltage levels n	ot applicable]				_				

NER version NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed description of performance standard
\$5.2.5.7	Partial Load Rejection	A	For the purposes of this <i>performance standard</i> : Minimum generation means the minimum <i>sent out generation</i> for continuous stable operation, P <sub>MIN</sub> = [insert] MW. The <i>generating system</i> <u>or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable]</u> is capable of <i>continuous uninterrupted</i>
			operation during and following a power system load reduction of 30% from its pre-disturbance level or equivalent impact from separation of part of the power system in less than 10 s, provided that the loading level remains above P <sub>MIN</sub> .
S5.2.5.8	Protection of Generating Systems from Power System Disturbances		<ul> <li>(a) Subject to paragraphs (b) [delete reference to (b) if generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] is &lt;30MW or distribution connected] and (e) where the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] or any of its production generating units that is required by the NSP, or Generator or Integrated Resource Provider to be automatically disconnected from the power system in response to abnormal conditions arising from the power system, the relevant protection system or control system does not disconnect the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable].</li> <li>(i) conditions for which it must remain in continuous uninterrupted operation; or</li> <li>(ii) conditions it must withstand under the NER.</li> <li>(b) [Delete all of paragraph (b) if generating system or integrated resource system is &lt;30MW or distribution connected] The generating system or integrated resource system has facilities to automatically and rapidly reduce its generation:</li> <li>[Delete non-applicable paragraphs below (either (i) or (ii)), include any limitations e.g. minimum generation level]</li> <li>(i) by at least half, if the frequency at the Connection Point exceeds [a level nominated by AEMO (not less than the upper limit of the operational frequency tolerance band)] and the duration above this frequency exceeds a value nominated by AEMO where the reduction may be achieved by [delete (A) or (B)]:</li> <li>(A) reducing the output[evel of the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] within 3 s, and holding the output[evel at the reduced level until the frequency returns to within the normal operating frequency band; or</li> <li>(B) disconnecting the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] from the power system within 1 s; or</li> </ul>

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				(ii) in proportion to the difference between the <i>frequency</i> at the Connection Point and a level nominated by AEMO (not less than the upper limit of the <i>operational frequency tolerance band</i> ) such that the <i>generation</i> is reduced, by at least half, within 3 s of the <i>frequency</i> reaching the upper limit of the <i>extreme frequency excursion tolerance limits</i> .
				(c) [Delete paragraph (c) if AEMO or the NSP do not require it.] The generating system or integrated resource system [delete] whichever is not applicable] must be automatically disconnected by a local or remote control scheme whenever the part of the network to which it is connected has been disconnected from the national grid and has formed an island that supplies loadsupplying a Customer.
				(d) The conditions for which the generating unit, or generating system, <u>bidirectional unit or integrated resource system</u> [delete whichever is not applicable] must trip and must not trip are: [specify the conditions to facilitate AEMO and NSP maintaining power system security].
				(e) Notwithstanding the performance standards under clauses S5.2.5.3, S5.2.5.4, S5.2.5.5, S5.2.5.6 and S5.2.5.7 of the NER the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] may be automatically disconnected from the power system under any of the following conditions [delete inapplicable sub-paragraphs]:
				(1) in accordance with the <i>ancillary services agreement</i> dated [insert date] between the <i>Generator</i> or <i>Integrated Resource</i>
				Provider and AEMO for the provision of [insert type of ancillary services] [delete if no ancillary services agreement exists]
				(2) where a <u>source of</u> load that is not part of the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] has the same connection point as the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] and AEMO and the NSP agree that the disconnection would in effect be under-frequency load shedding; [delete if none exists]
				(3) where the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] is automatically disconnected under paragraphs (a), (b) [deleted reference to (b) if generating system is <30MW or distribution connected] or the performance standard under clause S5.2.5.9 of the NER;
				(4) where the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] is automatically disconnected under the performance standard under clause S5.2.5.10 of the NER; or

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed description of performance standard
				<ul> <li>(5) in accordance with an agreement between the <i>Generator</i> <u>or Integrated Resource Provider</u> [delete whichever is not <u>applicablel</u> and the NSP (including an agreement in relation to an emergency control scheme under clause S5.1.8 of the NER) to provide a service that <i>AEMO</i> agrees is necessary to maintain or restore <i>power system security</i> in the event of a specified <i>contingency event</i>. [delete if none exists]</li> <li>(6) Where the <i>generating system</i> <u>or integrated resource system</u> [delete whichever is not <u>applicable]</u> is automatically <i>disconnected</i> from the <i>power system</i> via an <i>emergency frequency control scheme</i> (EFCS) in accordance with an <i>EFCS settings schedule</i> as maintained by AEMO and notified to the <i>Generator</i> <u>or Integrated Resource Provider</u> [delete whichever is not applicable].</li> </ul>
	S5.2.5.9	Protection Systems that Impact on Power System Security	A	<ul> <li>(a) The generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] has primary protection systems to disconnect from the power system any faulted element within the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] and in the protection zones that include the Connection Point, within the fault clearance times specified in Table 2.9 [insert fault clearance times determined under clause S5.1.9(a)(1) of the NER, but subject to clauses S5.1.9(k) and (l) in the table below].</li> <li>(b) Each primary protection system has sufficient redundancy to ensure that a faulted element within its protection zone is disconnected from the power system within the applicable fault clearance time with any single protection element (including any communications facility on which that protection system depends) out of service.</li> <li>(c) Breaker fail protection systems are provided to clear faults that are not cleared by the circuit breakers controlled by the primary protection system, within the fault clearance times in Table 2.9: [insert fault clearance times determined under clause S5.1.9(a)(1) of the NER] Table 2.9: Protection and Breaker Fail System Fault Clearance Times</li> </ul>

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed	d description of performance stan	dard	
						[Insert voltage level] kV	[Insert voltage level] kV
					Primary protection systems	[Insert time] ms	[Insert time] ms
					Breaker fail protection systems	[Insert time] ms	[Insert time] ms
				Net			s, avoid consequential <i>disconnection</i> of other nder their <i>connection agreements</i> with other
	S5.2.5.10	Protection to Trip Plant for Unstable Operation	A	applies; specifyin Each pro pole slip reactive Stability • {Each pr whichey conditio with AEI	if it is <i>asynchronous</i> , the second app og the type of <i>protection system</i> inst <u>iduction generating</u> -unit-has the fol ping is detected, to prevent pole sli <i>power</i> or <i>voltage</i> at the Connection Guidelines (established under claus [Specify the type of <i>protection syste</i> <u>oduction generating</u> -unit, or where the <u>er is not applicable</u> ] has the followi ns where the <i>active power, reactive</i> MO's Power System Stability Guideli	blies. Delete the inapplicable paragraph a called.] lowing protection system to disconnect in pping or other conditions where a <u>produ</u> Point to become unstable as assessed in the 4.3.4(h) of the NER): the installed, e.g. loss of field, reverse pow this is impractical, the generating system ng protection system to disconnect its <u>pr</u>	o <u>or integrated resource system</u> [delete roductiongenerating units promptly for nt becomes unstable as assessed in accordanc f the NER):
	S5.2.5.11	Frequency Control	A	'Maximu	purposes of this <i>performance stando</i> im operating level' = <mark>[Insert]</mark> MW. m operating level' = <mark>[Insert]</mark> MW.	ırd:	

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed description of performance standard
				'droop' means, in relation to frequency response mode, the percentage change in power system frequency as measured at the
				Connection Point, divided by the percentage change in power transfer of the generating system or integrated resource system
				[delete whichever is not applicable], expressed as a percentage of the maximum operating level of the generating system or
				integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable]. Droop must be measured at frequencies that are outside the
				deadband and within the limits of <i>power transfer</i> .
				<i>Power system frequency</i> is measured at the Connection Point.
				(1) The generating system's power transfer to the power system will not:
				(1) power transfer to the power system from a The generating system's or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not
				applicable], power transfer to the power system will not:
				(i) increase in response to a rise in <i>power system frequency</i> ; or
				(ii) decrease in response to a fall in <i>power system frequency</i> ; and
				(2) The generating system is capable of operating in frequency response mode such that it automatically provides a proportional:
				(i) decrease in <i>power transfer</i> to the <i>power system</i> in response to a rise in <i>power system frequency</i> ; and
				(ii) increase in power transfer to the power system in response to a fall in power system frequency,
				sufficiently rapidly and sustained for a sufficient period for the Generator-or Integrated Resource Provider [delete whichever is
				not applicable) to be in a position to offer measurable amounts all market ancillary services for the provision of power system
				frequency control.
				(3) an integrated resource system, to the extent it comprises production units, must be capable of operating in frequency response mode such that it automatically provides a proportional:
				(i) decrease in <i>power transfer</i> to the <i>power system</i> , with a continuous shift from one to the other mode, in response to a rise
				in the frequency of the power system as measured at the connection point accompanied by a smooth change in
				bidirectional unit operating mode between production and consumption; and
				(ii) increase in <i>power transfer</i> to the <i>power system</i> in response to a fall in the <i>frequency</i> of the <i>power system</i> as measured at
				the connection point accompanied by a smooth change in bidirectional unit operating mode between production and
				consumption,

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed description of performance standard
				<ul> <li>sufficiently rapidly and sustained for a sufficient period for the Integrated Resource Provider (as relevant) to be in a position to offer measurable amounts of all market ancillary services for the provision of power system frequency control.</li> <li>(3)(4) Nothing in paragraph (2) or (3) requires the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] to operate below its minimum operating level in response to a rise in power system frequency, or above its maximum operating level in response to a fall in power system frequency.</li> <li>(4)(5) The change in power transfer to the power system frequency leaves a deadband around 50 Hz.</li> <li>(5)(6) The generating system's or integrated resource system's [delete whichever is not applicable]:</li> <li>(i) deadband can be set within the range of 0 to ± 1.0 Hz [different deadband settings may be applied for a rise or fall in the frequency of the power system as measured at the Connection Point – delete if one deadband applies for rise and fall]; and</li> <li>(ii) droop can be set within the range of <u>11.7% delete if not a BESS supporting FCASF</u> 2% to 10% [For Bi-directional unit, reflect the recommended droop as outlined in the BESS guide for contingency FCAS registration<sup>2</sup>].</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>(6)(7) Each control system used to satisfy this performance standard is adequately damped.</li> <li>(7)(8) The amount of relevant market ancillary service for which the plant is registered will not exceed the amount that would be consistent with this performance standard.</li> </ul>
	S5.2.5.12	Impact on Network Capability	A	The generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] has plant capabilities and control systems that are sufficient so that when connected to the power system it does not reduce any inter-regional or intra-regional power transfer capability below the level that would apply if the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] were not connected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> BESS guide for contingency FCAS registration: https://www.aemo.com.au/-/media/Files/Electricity/NEM/Security\_and\_Reliability/Ancillary\_Services/Battery-Energy-Storage-Systemrequirements-for-contingency-FCAS-registration.pdf GENERATOR PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed description of performance standard
	S5.2.5.13	Voltage and Reactive Power Control	Α	<ol> <li>The generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] has plant capabilities and control systems sufficient to ensure that:         <ol> <li>power system oscillations, for the frequencies of oscillation of the productiongenerating_unit against any other productiongenerating_unit or system, are adequately damped;</li> <li>operation of the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] does not degrade the damping of any critical mode of oscillation of the power system; and</li> <li>operation of the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] does not cause instability (including hunting of tap-changing transformer control systems) that would adversely impact other Registered Participants.</li> </ol> </li> <li>The control systems used with this generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] have:         <ol> <li>for the purposes of disturbance monitoring and testing, permanently installed and operational, monitoring and recording facilities for testing the control system sufficient to establish its dynamic operational characteristics.</li> </ol> </li> <li>The generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] has to anotrol system to regulate voltage, reactive power and power factor, with the ability to operate in any control mode and to switch between control modes, as shown in [specify the manufacturer's and/or design specifications of the relevant equipment and demonstrated to the reasonable satisfaction of the NSP and AEMO] [delete that projecable].</li> </ol> <li>The generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable].</li> <li>The generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable].</li> <li>The generating system or integrated resource sy</li>

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed description of performance standard
				<ul> <li>(iv) allows the <i>voltage</i> setpoint to be continuously controllable in the range of at least 95% to 105% of the target <i>voltage</i> at [the Connection Point (as recorded in the <i>connection agreement</i>) or the agreed location in the <i>power system</i>] [adjust to align with sub-paragraph (i)], without reliance on a <i>tap-changing transformer</i> and subject to the <i>reactive power</i> capability referred to in the <i>performance standard</i> under clause S5.2.5.1;</li> <li>(v) has limiting devices to ensure that a <i>voltage</i> disturbance does not cause the <i>production generating unit</i> to trip at the limits of its operating capability. The limiting devices: <ul> <li>(A) do not detract from the performance of any power system stabiliser or power oscillation damping capability; and</li> <li>(B) are co-ordinated with all <i>protection systems</i>.</li> </ul> </li> <li>[If the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] is <i>synchronous</i>, paragraph (5) applies; if it is <i>asynchronous</i>, paragraph (6) applies. Delete the inapplicable paragraph and then complete the applicable one by specifying the type of <i>voltage and reactive power control system</i> installed.]</li> <li>(5) the <i>generating system or integrated resource system</i> [delete whichever is not applicable] has an excitation control system that: <ul> <li>(i) can operate the stator continuously at 105% of Nominal Voltage with <i>rated active power</i> output[eve];</li> <li>(ii) has an excitation system, 2.3 times; or</li> <li>(B) for other excitation systems, 1.5 times, the excitation required to achieve transfer of power generation at the nameplate rating for rated power factor, rated speed and Nominal Voltage;</li> <li>(iii) has settling times for a step change of voltage setpoint or voltage at the location agreed in paragraph (4)(i) of:</li> <li>(A) generated voltage less than 2.5 s for a 5% voltage disturbance with the <u>production generating</u> unit not synchronised;</li> <li>(B) <i>active power, reactive power</i> and voltage less than 5.0 s for a 5% v</li></ul></li></ul>

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed description of performance standard
				<ul> <li>(C) in respect of each limiting device, active power, reactive power and voltage less than 7.5 s for a 5% voltage disturbance with the <u>productiongenerating</u> unit synchronised, when operating into a limiting device from an operating point where a voltage disturbance of 2.5% would just cause the limiting device to operate;</li> <li>(iv) can increase field voltage from rated field voltage to the excitation ceiling voltage in less than:</li> <li>(A) 0.05 s for a static excitation system; or</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>(B) 0.5 s for other <i>excitation control systems</i>; and</li> <li>(ix) has a <i>power system</i> stabiliser with sufficient flexibility to enable damping performance to be maximised, with characteristics as described in paragraph (7); and</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>(6) The generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] has a voltage control system that:</li> <li>(i) with the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] connected to the power system, has settling times for active power, reactive power and voltage due to a step change of voltage setpoint or voltage at [insert the location agreed under subparagraph (4)(i)], of less than:</li> </ul>
				(A) 5.0 s for a 5% voltage disturbance with the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] connected to the power system, from an operating point where the voltage disturbance would not cause any limiting device to operate; and
				(B) 7.5 s for a 5% voltage disturbance with the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] connected to the power system, when operating into any limiting device from an operating point where a voltage disturbance of 2.5% would just cause the limiting device to operate;
				<ul> <li>(ii) for a 5% step change in the <i>voltage</i> setpoint, has <i>reactive power</i> rise time, of less than 2 s;</li> <li>(iii) has power oscillation damping capability with sufficient flexibility to enable damping performance to be maximised with characteristics as described in paragraph (7).</li> </ul>
				(7) The power system stabiliser or power oscillation damping device has [delete paragraph (7) if power system stabiliser is not provided]:

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				<ul> <li>productiongenerating unit as inputs, and otherwise, measurements of power system frequency and active power leveloutputlevel_of the productiongenerating unit as inputs [delete for asynchronous productiongenerating unit];</li> <li>(ii) two washout filters for each input, with ability to bypass one of them if necessary;</li> <li>(iii) [Insert number not less than two] lead-lag transfer function blocks (or equivalent number of complex poles and zeros) with adjustable gain and time-constants, to compensate fully for the phase lags due to the generating plant;</li> <li>(iv) an outputlevel limiter, which for a synchronous production generating unit is continually adjustable over the range of ±10% of stator voltage [delete for asynchronous production generating unit];</li> <li>(v) monitoring and recording facilities for key variables including inputs, outputlevel and the inputs to the lead-lag transfer function blocks; and</li> <li>(vi) facilities to permit testing of the power system stabiliser in isolation from the power system by injection of test signals, sufficient to establish the transfer function of the power system stabiliser.</li> <li>(8) A reactive power or power factor control system provided under paragraph (3) will:</li> </ul>
				<ul> <li>(i) regulate reactive power or power factor at [the Connection Point or [specify agreed location in the power system (including within the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable])]], to within:</li> <li>(A) for a generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] operating in reactive power mode, 2% of the generating system's rating (expressed in Mvar); or</li> <li>(B) for a generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] operating in power factor mode, a power factor equivalent to 2% of the generating system's or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] operating in power factor mode, a power factor setpoint to be continuously controllable across the reactive power capability range established under the performance standard under clause S5.2.5.1; and</li> <li>(iii) with the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] connected to the power system, and for a step change in setpoint of at least 50% of the reactive power capability agreed with AEMO and the NSP under clause S5.2.5.1 of the NER, or a 5% voltage disturbance at the location agreed under subparagraph (i):</li> </ul>

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed description of performance standard
				<ul> <li>(A) have settling times for active power, reactive power and voltage of less than 5.0 s from an operating point where the voltage disturbance would not cause any limiting device to operate; and</li> <li>(B) have settling times for active power, reactive power and voltage of less than 7.5 s when operating into any limiting device from an operating point where a voltage disturbance of 2.5% would just cause the limiting device to operate.</li> <li>[Include any requirements for the design and operation of the control systems of the productiongenerating unit, or generating system or integrated resource system to be coordinated with the existing NSP voltage control systems of and those of other Network Users and any requirements relating to inclusion in AEMO's Var Dispatch Schedule system]</li> </ul>
	S5.2.5.14	Active Power Control	A	<ul> <li>[Delete paragraph (1), (2) or (3), as applicable – (1) applies to scheduled production generating units/systems, (2) applies to non-scheduled production generating units/systems and (3) applies to semi-scheduled production generating units/systems.]</li> <li>(1) The production generating unit, or generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever not applicable] has an active power control system that is adequately damped and capable of: <ul> <li>(i) maintaining and changing its active power [evel-output]evel in accordance with its dispatch instructions;</li> <li>(ii) ramping its active power [evel-output]evel linearly from one dispatch level to another; and</li> <li>(iii) receiving and automatically responding to signals delivered from the automatic generation control system, as updated at a rate of once every 4 s [or insert other period specified by AEMO].</li> </ul> </li> <li>(2) Subject to the energy source availability, the production unit, generating system or integrated resource system-[delete whichever not applicable] has an active power control system that is adequately damped and capable of: <ul> <li>(i) automatically reducing or increasing its active power level-output[evel]</li> <li>(ii) automatically reducing or increasing its active power level-output[evel]</li> <li>(iii) automatically limiting its active power output[evel]evel, subject to subparagraph (iii),</li> <li>(ii) automatically limiting its active power output[evel]evel, to below the level specified in subparagraph (ii); and</li> <li>(iii) not changing its active power output[evel]evel within 5 min by more than the raise and lower amounts specified in an instruction electronically issued by a control centre.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(3) Subject to energy source availability, the production unit, generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever not applicable] has an active power output[evel]evel within 5 min by more than the raise and lower amounts specified in an instruction electronically issued by a</li></ul>

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed description of performance standard
				<ul> <li>(i) automatically reducing or increasing its <i>active power</i> output<u>level level</u> within 5 min at a constant rate, to or below the level specified in an instruction electronically issued by a <i>control centre</i>;</li> <li>(ii) automatically limiting its <i>active power</i> <u>leveloutputlevel</u> to or below the level specified in subparagraph (i);</li> <li>(iii) not changing its <i>active power</i> <u>level outputlevel</u> within 5 min by more than the raise and lower amounts specified in an instruction electronically issued by a <i>control centre</i>;</li> <li>(iv) ramping its <i>active power</i> <u>level outputlevel</u> linearly from one level of <i>dispatch</i> to another; and</li> <li>(v) receiving and automatically responding to signals delivered from the <i>automatic generation control system</i>, as updated at a rate of once every 4 s [or insert other period specified by <i>AEMO</i>].</li> </ul>
	S5.2.5.15	Short circuit ratio	N	<ul> <li>[Highlighted text below is for reference only and is not part of S5.2.5.15 clause description]</li> <li>This standard: <ul> <li>applies to a generating system or integrated resource system that is comprised solely of asynchronous production units; and</li> <li>for a generating system or integrated resource system that is comprised of both synchronous and asynchronous production units; and</li> <li>for a generating system or integrated resource system that is comprised of both synchronous and asynchronous production units; and</li> <li>for a generating system or integrated resource system that is comprised of both synchronous and asynchronous production units, applies only to the asynchronous production units and to the generating system or integrated resource system to the extent it relates to its asynchronous production units.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] comprised of asynchronous generating units must have plant capability sufficient to operate stably and remain connected at a short circuit ratio (SCR) of [insert number not higher than 3.0 (representing SCR withstand capability of plant)], assessed in accordance with the methodology prescribed in the system strength impact assessment guidelines, where: <ul> <li>(1) the rated active power for calculating the SCR value is [insert number]];and]</li> <li>(2) [Delete if not applicable] the agreed arrangements under S5.2.5.15(e) to achieve this performance standard are: <ul> <li>[If applicable, record details of arrangements necessary for plant to operate stably and remain connected at agreed SCR value]</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>
	\$5.2.5.16	Voltage phase angle shift	N	[Highlighted text below is for reference only and is not part of S5.2.5.15 clause description] This standard:

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed description of performance	e standard	
				for a <u>generating system</u> or <u>integra</u> <u>units, applies only to the asynchrone</u> <u>extent it relates to its asynchrone</u> <u>The generating system or integrated n</u> <u>units must not include any vector shift</u> operate for phase angle changes less	integrated resource system that is comprised solely of ated resource system that is comprised of both synchro onous production units and to the generating system of ous production units. resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] and t or similar relay or protective function that acts upon that than 20 degrees at the connection point. The protection system must be recorded in the performance	nous and asynchronous production r integrated resource system to the d each of its asynchronous production voltage phase angle which might
	S5.2.6.1 and 4.11.1	Remote Monitoring	A	[Delete rows in Table 2.10 where the type of plant is not applicable] The generating system <u>integrated resource system or production generating</u> unit (as applicable) has remote monitoring equipment and remote control equipment to transmit to, and receive from, <i>AEMO's control centres</i> the quantities specified in Table 2.10 in real- time in accordance with clause 4.11 of the NER: Table 2.10: Remote Monitoring Equipment and Remote Control Equipment Quantities required by AEMO		
				Type of Plant Generating systems <u>or</u> integrated resource systems	Remote Monitoring Quantities           (1) the status of all switching devices that carry the generation or load;           (2) tap-changing transformer tap position(s) and voltages;           (3) active power and reactive power aggregated for groups of identical productiongenerating units;           (4) either the number of identical production generating_units_operating_generating or the operating generating_status of each non-identical generating_production_unit;	Remote Control Quantities         (1) voltage, reactive power and power factor control setpoint (delta) (as applicable); and         (2) voltage, reactive power and power factor control mode (where applicable);         (3) [for a non-scheduled generating system or integrated resource system only – delete if inapplicable] to the extent required to manage network flows:

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					<ul> <li>(5) either the number of identical <u>production</u> <i>generating-units</i> available or the available status of each non-identical <u>production</u> <i>generating-unit;</i></li> <li>(6) active power and reactive power for the generating system or integrated resource System;</li> <li>(7) voltage, reactive power and power factor control system setpoint and mode (as applicable);</li> <li>(8) the mode of operation of each <u>production</u> <i>generating-unit</i>, turbine control limits, or other information required to reasonably predict the active power response of the generating system or integrated resource System; to a change in power system frequency at the Connection Point;</li> <li>(9) any quantities reasonably required by AEMO for the Var Dispatch Scheduling (VDS) system.</li> <li>(10) any quantities reasonably required by AEMO to discharge its market and power system security functions as set out in Chapters 3 and 4 of the NER.</li> </ul>
				Generating units with nameplate rating of 30 MW or more, <u>or</u> <u>bidirectional units with</u> <u>nameplate rating of 5 MW or</u>	<ol> <li>Current;</li> <li>Voltage; and</li> <li>Active power and reactive power</li> </ol>

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed description of performance standard		
				<u>more</u> , in respect of generating unit <u>or bidirectional unit</u> stators or power conversion systems (as applicable)		
				Automated generation control system (AGC) – scheduled generating systems <u>-and</u> semi- scheduled generating systems <u>and scheduled integrated</u> <u>resource systems</u>	<ol> <li>AGC control mode (remote or local);</li> <li>AGC availability status;</li> <li>maximum active power limit;</li> <li>minimum active power limit;</li> <li>maximum active power raise ramp rate; and</li> <li>maximum active power lower ramp rate;</li> </ol>	(1) AGC active power setpoint
				Auxiliary supply system with a capacity of 30 MW or more associated with the generating unit_or_generating system_ bidirectional unit or integrated resource system	Active power and reactive power	
				Reactive power equipment that is part of the generating system or integrated resource system but not part of a productiongenerating unit	Reactive power	
				Semi-scheduled generating system or a semi-scheduled generating unit in an integrated resource system;	All data specified as mandatory in the relevant energy conversion model applicable to that type of semi-scheduled generating system,- especially the standing and metered data requirements (see the <u>Semi-Scheduled Energy Conversion Model</u> <u>Guidelines</u> for wind and solar generating systems)	

NER version	NER reference	Description	Automatic- or Negotiated Access Standard (A/ N)	Detailed description of performance standard	
				Runback scheme agreed with the NSP       (1)       Runback scheme status (enabled/disabled);         (2)       Runback scheme operated status; and         (3)       active power, reactive power or other control limit, as applicable.	
	S5.2.6.2 and 4.11.3	Communications Equipment	A	<ul> <li>The <i>Generator</i> or <i>Integrated Resource Provider</i> has provided and will maintain:</li> <li>(1) two separate telephone <i>facilities</i> using independent telecommunications service providers, for the purposes of operational communications between the <i>Generator's</i> or <i>Integrated Resource Provider's</i> responsible operator under clause 4.11.3(a) of the NER and <i>AEMO's control centre</i>; and</li> <li>(2) electricity supplies for <i>remote monitoring equipment</i> and <i>remote control equipment</i> installed in relation to its <i>generating system</i> <u>-or integrated resource system</u> [delete whichever is not applicable] capable of keeping such equipment available for at least 3 hours following total loss of <i>supply</i> at the <i>connection point</i> for a relevant <i>productiongenerating</i> unit.</li> </ul>	
	S5.2.7	Power Station Auxiliary Supplies	Not applicable	[Only required if the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] takes its auxiliary load supplies via a connection point through which its generation is not transferred to the network, in which case, specify performance standard under clause S5.3.5 of the NER as if the Generator or Integrated Resource Provider [delete whichever not applicable], were a Market Customer] The generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] takes its auxiliary supplies via [insert connection point and Nominal Voltage]. The power factor of the generating system or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable] auxiliary loads will be between 0.9 leading to 0.9 lagging [or insert power factor requirement as agreed with NSP]. [Delete as appropriate]	
	S5.2.8	Fault Current	A	The generating system <u>or integrated resource system [delete whichever is not applicable]</u> limits its contribution to the fault current at the Connection Point to: (a) three-phase fault current, [insert value] kA; (b) single-phase-to-ground fault current, [insert value] kA;	

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				(c) phase-to-phase-to-ground fault current, [insert value] kA.	
				[Specify calculation basis as necessary]	
				The generating system's or integrated resource system's [delete whichever not applicable] connected plant is capable of	
				withstanding fault current through the Connection Point up to:	
				(a) three-phase fault current <mark>[insert value]</mark> kA;	
				(b) single-phase-to-ground fault current <mark>[insert value]</mark> kA;	
				(c) phase-to-phase-to-ground fault current [insert value] kA,	
				for <mark>[insert time]</mark> ms.	
				The circuit breaker provided to isolate the generating unit, generating system, bidirectional unit or integrated resource system	
				[delete whichever is not applicabledelete unit/system as appropriate] from the network is capable of breaking, without damage or	
				restrike, the maximum fault current of [insert value] kA expected to flow through the circuit breaker for any fault in the network or	
				in the generating unit, generating system, bidirectional unit or integrated resource system or [delete whichever is not	
				applicabledelete unit/system as appropriate], as specified in the connection agreement.	

## Table 3 Revision History Ito track changes to registered Generator Performance Standards]

Revision number	Date	Revision Description
1	<u>28/03/2023</u>	Draft for consultation